IBM Rational Directory Server
Administration Guide
Release 5.1.0.2
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About this manual

This manual guides you through the IBM® Rational® Directory Server (RDS) administration. This document contains step-by-step instructions for administering the RDS.

RDS documentation

This section provides the information on the related documents available for RDS. The following RDS documents are available on the Product Support Web site, http://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IBM Rational Directory Server</td>
<td>Provides information on how to install the RDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation Guide</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBM Rational Directory Server</td>
<td>Provides detailed information on RDS features supported in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Manual</td>
<td>this release.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 1: About this manual

Contacting IBM Rational Software Support

If the self-help resources have not provided a resolution to your problem, you can contact IBM® Rational® Software Support for assistance in resolving product issues.

Note If you are a heritage Telelogic customer, a single reference site for all support resources is located at http://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/telelogic/.

Prerequisites

To submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support, you must have an active Passport Advantage® software maintenance agreement. Passport Advantage is the IBM comprehensive software licensing and software maintenance (product upgrades and technical support) offering. You can enroll online in Passport Advantage from http://www.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/howtoenroll.html

• To learn more about Passport Advantage, visit the Passport Advantage FAQs at http://www.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/brochures_faqs_quickguides.html.

• For further assistance, contact your IBM representative.

To submit your problem online (from the IBM Web site) to IBM Rational Software Support, you must additionally:

• Be a registered user on the IBM Rational Software Support Web site. For details about registering, go to http://www.ibm.com/software/support/.

• Be listed as an authorized caller in the service request tool.

Submitting problems

To submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support:

1. Determine the business impact of your problem. When you report a problem to IBM, you are asked to supply a severity level. Therefore, you need to understand and assess the business impact of the problem that you are reporting.
Use the following table to determine the severity level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The problem has a critical business impact: You are unable to use the program, resulting in a critical impact on operations. This condition requires an immediate solution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>This problem has a significant business impact: The program is usable, but it is severely limited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The problem has some business impact: The program is usable, but less significant features (not critical to operations) are unavailable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The problem has minimal business impact: The problem causes little impact on operations or a reasonable circumvention to the problem was implemented.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Describe your problem and gather background information. When describing a problem to IBM, be as specific as possible. Include all relevant background information so that IBM Rational Software Support specialists can help you solve the problem efficiently. To save time, know the answers to these questions:

- What software versions were you running when the problem occurred?
  
  To determine the exact product name and version, use the option applicable to you:
  - Start the IBM Installation Manager and select **File > View Installed Packages**. Expand a package group and select a package to see the package name and version number.
  - Start your product, and click **Help > About** to see the offering name and version number.
- What is your operating system and version number (including any service packs or patches)?
- Do you have logs, traces, and messages that are related to the problem symptoms?
- Can you recreate the problem? If so, what steps do you perform to recreate the problem?
• Did you make any changes to the system? For example, did you make changes to the hardware, operating system, networking software, or other system components?
• Are you currently using a workaround for the problem? If so, be prepared to describe the workaround when you report the problem.

3. Submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support. You can submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support in the following ways:

• **Online:** Go to the IBM Rational Software Support Web site at [https://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/](https://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/) and in the Rational support task navigator, click **Open Service Request.** Select the electronic problem reporting tool, and open a Problem Management Record (PMR), describing the problem accurately in your own words.

For more information about opening a service request, go to [http://www.ibm.com/software/support/help.html](http://www.ibm.com/software/support/help.html)

You can also open an online service request using the IBM Support Assistant. For more information, go to [http://www.ibm.com/software/support/isa/faq.html](http://www.ibm.com/software/support/isa/faq.html).

• **By phone:** For the phone number to call in your country or region, go to the IBM directory of worldwide contacts at [http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/](http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/) and click the name of your country or geographic region.

• **Through your IBM Representative:** If you cannot access IBM Rational Software Support online or by phone, contact your IBM Representative. If necessary, your IBM Representative can open a service request for you. You can find complete contact information for each country at [http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/](http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/).
## Conventions used in this guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typeface</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Italic</em></td>
<td>Used for book titles and terminology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bold</strong></td>
<td>Used for items that you can select and menu paths, also used for emphasis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Courier</strong></td>
<td>Used for commands, file names, and directory paths. Represents command syntax to be entered verbatim. Signifies computer output that displays on-screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Courier Italic</strong></td>
<td>Represents values in a command string that you supply. For example, <code>&lt;drive:\username\commands&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Introduction

The RDS is a single enterprise directory solution designed for user authentication and administration for IBM® Rational® Solutions for Enterprise Lifecycle Management tools. RDS allows the users to log on using the same credentials across IBM® Rational® Solutions for Enterprise Lifecycle Management tools for which they have authorized access.

RDS supports a wide range of platforms. For more information about the platform support, see the IBM Rational Directory Server Installation Guide.

RDS architecture

The following diagram shows the RDS architecture.
Who should use this guide

This guide is intended for the RDS administrator. The administrator is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the server such as how to run the RDS backup programs and how to recover the directory manager password in case of password loss.


Frequently Asked Questions

1. *Which are the external LDAP servers supported by RDS?*
   

2. *What is the schema required by RDS in the external corporate server?*
   
   The user information are extracted from the corporate servers based on the `person/inetOrgPerson` schema class and the primary attributes `cn`, `sn`, `email`, `uid`, `givenname`, `telephoneNumber`, `mail`, `facsimileTelephoneNumber`, `description`, `postalAddress`, and `sAMAccountName`.

   The group information are extracted based on the `group/groupOfUniqueNames` schema class and the attributes `member/uniqueMember`, `description`.

3. *Do we need an Administrator privileges to create a partition?*
   
   You need a corporate LDAP server user with a *Read* access to the search bases specified in the partition.

4. *I cannot use RDA on Solaris to create a partition with SSL enabled?*
   
   This is a known limitation. You need to install RDA on Windows as a workaround.
5. Why DOORS do not show up a user after changing the name of the user from one ou to another in the corporate LDAP?

If the name of a user (firstname, lastname, cn etc.) is changed keeping the same UID, or if a user is moved from one OU to another in the corporate LDAP, DOORS may not show up the user. The reason is, the RDS has already created an extended user object with the uid as the user logon name (based on the logon attribute selected in the corporate partition) and tdsCorporateDn as the corporate DN of the user. If the corporate DN of the user changes in the corporate LDAP server, RDS will try to recreate the extended user object with the same user logon name (which is not changed in corporate LDAP) and would fail, as the user object with the same logon name already exists in the corporate LDAP. Hence, the particular user would not be shown in DOORS.

To solve this issue, it is recommended to modify the required attributes of the extended user object in RDS. Deleting the extended user object also solves the issue but it may delete the DOORS specific values for that user object, which may lead to information loss.

6. Will error opening *.cat files messages affect functionality of RDS 5.1 for Tivoli in anyway?

No. You can ignore such error messages, they keep coming because of a minor localization issue with Tivoli which will no way affect RDS and its functionalities.

7. Is RDS supported on VMWare?

Currently, the RDS is not supported on a virtual environment.

8. How do you change the Webserver port from 8080 to any other values for IBM Rational Directory Administration (RDA)?

To change the default port number:

a. Edit the following lines in the Server.xml file located under
   `<RDS_HOME/RDA_HOME>\WebAccessServer\apache-tomcat-6.0.16 (-6.0.24 for 5.1.0.1 and 5.1.0.2)\conf` folder:
   ```xml
   Connector port="8090" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
   connectionTimeout="20000"
   redirectPort="8443" />
   <!-- A "Connector" using the shared thread pool-->
   ```
b. Restart the RDA for the changes to take effect.

Note The new port number is changed to 8090 in the above example.
Starting the directory server

From the command line, use the following command to start the directory server.

In Windows

<RDS_Home>/IBM/Rational/RDS_5.1/RDSUtility/
Start_RDS_Server.bat

For example:

C:\Program Files\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.1\RDSUtility\Start_RDS_Server.bat

You can also double-click the Start_RDS_Server.bat located under the same path to start the server.

Note The RDS is setup as a Windows service, ensuring the server starts up on system reboot.

In UNIX:

On Solaris

$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./star_rds_server.sh

OR

$ ./ibmslapd -I tdsadmin -n
On Linux

$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./start_rds_server.sh

OR

$ ./ibmslapd -I tdsadmin -n

Stopping the directory server

From the command line, use the following command to stop the directory server.

<RDS_Home>/IBM/Rational/RDS_5.1/RDSUtility/
Stop_RDS_Server.bat

Windows example:
C:\Program Files\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.1\RDSUtility\Stop_RDS_Server.bat

UNIX example:

On Solaris

$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./stop_rds_server.sh

On Linux

$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./stop_rds_server.sh

Backing up the Rational Directory Server

Backing up the RDS allows you to save a snapshot of the contents should the data be lost or become corrupt. The RDS backup essentially means the backing up of the IBM Tivoli Directory Server 6.2. The backup can be done on Windows, Solaris, and Linux platforms.

When these backup procedures are followed, the system automatically stores a copy of the server files on the same host. For greater security, copy and store these files on a different machine or file system.
Backing up the data

When you back up the server, all contents of the directory are saved in a backup location. This section tells you how to use the `idsdbback` command to back up the directory.

To back up your directory, do the following:

1. Stop the RDS server.

2. Change directory to the following path.
   
   ```
   cd <RDS_Home>/IBM/ldap/V6.2/sbin (Windows)
   cd /opt/IBM/ldap/V6.2/sbin (Unix)
   ```

3. Set the permission for the backup folder using the following command.
   
   ```
   $ chown tdsadmin:idsldap /var/backup
   ```

4. Backup the server using the following command.
   
   ```
   dbback -I instance_name backup directory path
   ```
   Example:
   
   ```
   $ dbback -I tdsadmin /var/backup
   ```

5. It prompts for the option. Type 1 to continue or 2 to exit.

6. Start the RDS server.

**Note** Post Tivoli/DB2 installation on Unix, creation of `tdsadmin` user should be accompanied by setting the user home directory to be the install directory (`/` appended with instance). For more information on creating the user see, *IBM Rational Directory Server Installation Guide*. 
Restoring the Directory Server

Use the `restore` command to restore the server. Shut the server down before running this script.

To restore your directory, do the following:

1. Stop the RDS server.
2. Restore the backup using the following command:
   ```
   $ dbrestore -I instance_name backup directory path
   Example:
   $ dbrestore -I tdsadmin /var/backup
   ```
3. Start the RDS server.

Authenticating the OS through PAM

The RDS uses Pluggable Authentication Modules (PAM) to authenticate users on Solaris, and LINUX systems. To allow RDS to authenticate the users, the PAM configuration must be updated to specify the authentication methods to use for the `osauth` service, unless a reasonable default already exists.

Refer to the following tables for updating the PAM configuration.

1. On Solaris 10, the following are the example additions to `/etc/pam.conf` file:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>osauth</th>
<th>auth</th>
<th>sufficient</th>
<th>pam_unix_auth.so.1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>auth</td>
<td>requisite</td>
<td>pam_authtok_get.so.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix_auth.so.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix_account.so.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note** On Solaris, if the server is running with non-root privileges, ensure that server process can read the `/etc/shadow` file.

2. On Red Hat Linux®, the following are the example additions to the `/etc/pam.d/osauth` file:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>auth</th>
<th>sufficient</th>
<th>pam_unix.so</th>
<th>likeauth</th>
<th>nulllok</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_deny.so</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix.so</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. On SUSE® Linux, the following are the example additions to the `/etc/pam.d/cmsynergy` file:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>auth</th>
<th>sufficient</th>
<th>pam_unix.so</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_deny.so</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix.so</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note** If the `osauth` PAM service is not defined, the default definitions are used. The default definitions are configured with the service name `other`.

On UNIX systems, the Administrator will need to provide read access to the `/etc/shadow` file to `tdsadmin` user (/created during RDS installation) for OS Authentication mode to function.

For example, `$>chmod 444 /etc/shadow`
4. On AIX®, the Base Operating System performs the authentication.

Changing the RDS operation mode

The RDS provides the rdsconfig utility to change the RDS operation mode from the command line. The RDS uses the operation mode to perform the authentication. For example, if the operation mode is changed to OS authentication mode, the authentication is done based on the domain name on Windows.

You can change the operation mode by doing the following:

On Windows:

1. On the command line, change the directory path to the following
   `<RDS_Install>\RDS_5.1\IBM\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.1\RDSUtility`
2. Type `rdsconfig.exe` to run the utility.
   For example:
   `C:\Program Files\RDS_5.1\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.1\RDSUtility\rdsconfig.exe`
3. The default URL for server authentication is displayed.
4. Type the following details as shown in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field name</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RDS default URL is: ldap://localhost:1389/</td>
<td>Type <code>y</code> to use the default URL or if you type <code>n</code>, the program asks you to type the RDS url. Type the valid RDS url and press Enter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to use the default url? [y/n]:</td>
<td>Note To open the RDS in secure mode, you can include the letter &quot;s&quot; in the ldap URL (where the &quot;s&quot; refers to the secure port), followed by a valid server name and a port number. For example: <code>ldaps://dirsterver:1636</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter the user name:</td>
<td><code>tdsadmin</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Changing the RDS operation mode

Once you have entered all the details, the operation mode is changed and the message for successful mode change appears.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enter the password:</th>
<th>Type the tdsadmin password. It displays the current operation mode along with the list of operation modes to select from.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select the operation mode to be set from the following:</td>
<td>Enter your choice: 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0. Standalone mode</td>
<td>1. Corporate mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. OS authentication mode</td>
<td>3. Trusted OS Authentication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to proceed? [y/n]:</td>
<td>Type y to proceed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter the domain name:</td>
<td>example.com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note Whenever the operation mode is changed, the Web server needs to be restarted.

If the operation mode is changed from Stand-Alone to Corporate, the users must be migrated as corporate users.

5. Restart the RDS.
Trusted OS authentication settings

The RDS additionally supports specific settings for the IBM® Rational® System Architect®, and IBM® Rational® Synergy tools. The System Architect tool by default uses the Trusted Operating System (OS) authentication. The Trusted OS setting is enabled by default within RDS.

This configuration is designed to allow the IBM Rational System Architect and IBM Rational Synergy tool to use the existing OS authentication to log on to the RDS. The user is not prompted for user login dialog for tool connectivity to RDS.

Use the rdsconfig utility to enable or disable the Trusted OS authentication. For more details, see Changing the RDS operation mode section.

The image below shows an example of this setting.

![Image of rdsconfig utility output]

Note When the Trusted OS authentication is disabled, the RDS login dialog box appears.
Settings for assigning license feature

This section describes the settings that must be done for assigning the license features to users.

**Standalone mode**

The users must have their NT logon name or UNIX logon name configured in RDS to assign a license feature.

**Corporate mode**

The attribute `CORPORATE_LICENSING_FEATURE_LOGON_ATTRIBUTE` is configured in `TDSConfiguration.xml` file. By default, the value for this attribute is set to `samAccountName` for Active Directory Server corporate partition.

For other corporate partitions such as the IBM Tivoli Directory Server, the administrator must configure this value to a valid system login name (For example, `uid`).
Enabling Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) security

The following section describes the steps for enabling the SSL security. To enable the secure connectivity between the Rational tools such as IBM® Rational® DOORS®, IBM® Rational® System Architect® and the Active Directory Server, follow steps given in the following sections.

Exporting the certificate from the Active Directory server

To export the CA certificate from the Active Directory server, follow these steps:

1. Log on as a Domain Administrator to the Active Directory domain server that is being used to create the RDS partition.

2. Export the certificate from the Active Directory server to a file. To do so, follow these steps:
   a. Click **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Administrative Tools** > **Certificate Authority** to open the CA Microsoft® Management Console (MMC) GUI.
   b. Highlight the CA machine and right-click to select **Properties** for the CA.
   c. From **General** menu, click **View Certificate**.
   d. Select the **Details** view, and click the **Copy to File** button on the lower-right corner of the window.
   e. Use the **Certificate Export** Wizard to save the CA certificate in a file.

   **Note** You can save the CA certificate in either DER Encoded Binary X-509 format or Based-64 Encoded X-509 format.

Importing the certificate to the IBM Rational products

You must import the certificate to each IBM Rational tools such as DOORS, System Architect etc. You need IBM JRE 1.5.1 to configure the SSL.

To import the CA certificate to the IBM Rational products, follow these steps:

On Windows:

- Run the following command to import the certificate for .cer, .crt files:
  ```
  <Gskit Install path>/ibm/gsk7/bin/gsk7cmd.exe -cert -add -db <Gskit Install path>/lib/certdb/tdsclientkey.kdb -pw tdskey4client -label My_LABEL -file <extracted certificate file>
  ```
Enabling Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) security

- Run the following command to import the certificate for .jks files:

```
gsk7cmd -cert -import -db <filename> -pw <password> -label "mylabel" -target tdsclient.kdb -target_pw tdskey4client
```

where:

- `-db <filename>` is the name of the database.
- `-pw <password>` is the password to access the key database.

- The SSL setup is complete.

On Solaris:

- Run the following command to import the certificate:

```
/opt/ibm/gsk7/bin/gsk7cmd -cert -add -db tdsclientkey.kdb -pw tdskey4client -label My_LABEL -file <extracted certificate.cer file>
```

- The SSL setup is complete.

**Note** GSKit can be installed along with the RDS or separately.

This chapter describes the possible problem and solutions for RDS users.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Changing or resetting the password with Non-ASCII characters does not</td>
<td>Changing or resetting the password with Non-ASCII characters are not supported by RDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>work.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web RDA cannot be used for License Configuration on Solaris platform.</td>
<td>License Configuration on Web RDA does not function with RDA Web Access Server installed on Solaris. The RDA Web Access Server needs to be installed on Windows or Linux platforms to achieve the license configuration functionality.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Users cannot login after migration.</td>
<td>The RDS server needs to be restarted otherwise the data inconsistency is observed. For more information on starting the server, see Starting the directory server (page 11).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When the RDS in corporate mode is configured to DOORS, the users are</td>
<td>If a custom attribute name is used in the corporate user DN, the custom DN attribute name should be added to the RDS schema. To add the custom DN:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>displayed in RDA but not in DOORS.</td>
<td>1. Create the following script.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>dn: cn=schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>changetype: modify</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>add: attributetypes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>attributeTypes: ( 1.3.6.1.4.1.15265.0.100 NAME '&lt;custom_attribute_name&gt;' SYNTAX 1.3.6.1.4.1.1466.115.121.1.27 SINGLE-VALUE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Save the script in a text file with the file extension as &lt;filename&gt;.ldif.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Use the ldapmodify command to apply the schema change.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix: Notices

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