Rational Directory Server

Administration Guide
IBM Rational Directory Server
Administration Guide
Release 5.0
Before using this information, be sure to read the general information under Appendix, “Notices” on page 21.

This edition applies to VERSION 5.0, IBM Rational Directory Server and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About this manual

This manual guides you through the IBM® Rational® Directory Server (RDS) administration. This document contains step-by-step instructions for administering the RDS.

RDS documentation

This section provides the information on the related documents available for RDS. The following RDS documents are available on the Product Support Website, http://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IBM Rational Directory Server</td>
<td>Provides information on how to install the RDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation Guide</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBM Rational Directory Server</td>
<td>Provides detailed information on RDS features supported in this release.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Manual</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contacting IBM Rational Software Support

If the self-help resources have not provided a resolution to your problem, you can contact IBM® Rational® Software Support for assistance in resolving product issues.

Note If you are a heritage Telelogic customer, a single reference site for all support resources is located at http://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/telelogic/.

Prerequisites

To submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support, you must have an active Passport Advantage® software maintenance agreement. Passport Advantage is the IBM comprehensive software licensing and software maintenance (product upgrades and technical support) offering. You can enroll online in Passport Advantage from http://www.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/howtoenroll.html.
Chapter 1: About this manual

• To learn more about Passport Advantage, visit the Passport Advantage FAQs at http://www.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/brochures_faqs_quickguides.html.

• For further assistance, contact your IBM representative.

To submit your problem online (from the IBM Web site) to IBM Rational Software Support, you must additionally:

• Be a registered user on the IBM Rational Software Support Web site. For details about registering, go to http://www.ibm.com/software/support/.

• Be listed as an authorized caller in the service request tool.

Submitting problems

To submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support:

1. Determine the business impact of your problem. When you report a problem to IBM, you are asked to supply a severity level. Therefore, you need to understand and assess the business impact of the problem that you are reporting.

   Use the following table to determine the severity level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The problem has a critical business impact: You are unable to use the program, resulting in a critical impact on operations. This condition requires an immediate solution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>This problem has a significant business impact: The program is usable, but it is severely limited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The problem has some business impact: The program is usable, but less significant features (not critical to operations) are unavailable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The problem has minimal business impact: The problem causes little impact on operations or a reasonable circumvention to the problem was implemented.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Describe your problem and gather background information. When describing a problem to IBM, be as specific as possible. Include all relevant background information so that IBM Rational Software Support specialists
can help you solve the problem efficiently. To save time, know the answers to these questions:

- What software versions were you running when the problem occurred?
  
  To determine the exact product name and version, use the option applicable to you:
  
  - Start the IBM Installation Manager and select File > View Installed Packages. Expand a package group and select a package to see the package name and version number.
  - Start your product, and click Help > About to see the offering name and version number.

- What is your operating system and version number (including any service packs or patches)?

- Do you have logs, traces, and messages that are related to the problem symptoms?

- Can you recreate the problem? If so, what steps do you perform to recreate the problem?

- Did you make any changes to the system? For example, did you make changes to the hardware, operating system, networking software, or other system components?

- Are you currently using a workaround for the problem? If so, be prepared to describe the workaround when you report the problem.

3. Submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support. You can submit your problem to IBM Rational Software Support in the following ways:

   - **Online:** Go to the IBM Rational Software Support Web site at https://www.ibm.com/software/rational/support/ and in the Rational support task navigator, click Open Service Request. Select the electronic problem reporting tool, and open a Problem Management Record (PMR), describing the problem accurately in your own words.

     For more information about opening a service request, go to http://www.ibm.com/software/support/help.html

     You can also open an online service request using the IBM Support Assistant. For more information, go to http://www.ibm.com/software/support/isa/faq.html.

   - **By phone:** For the phone number to call in your country or region, go to the IBM directory of worldwide contacts at http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/ and click the name of your country or geographic region.
Chapter 1: About this manual

- **Through your IBM Representative:** If you cannot access IBM Rational Software Support online or by phone, contact your IBM Representative. If necessary, your IBM Representative can open a service request for you. You can find complete contact information for each country at [http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/](http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/).

## Conventions used in this guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typeface</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Italic</em></td>
<td>Used for book titles and terminology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bold</strong></td>
<td>Used for items that you can select and menu paths, also used for emphasis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Courier</strong></td>
<td>Used for commands, file names, and directory paths. Represents command syntax to be entered verbatim. Signifies computer output that displays on-screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Courier Italic</strong></td>
<td>Represents values in a command string that you supply. For example, (drive:\username\commands).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Introduction

The RDS is a single enterprise directory solution designed for user authentication and administration for IBM® Rational® Solutions for Enterprise Lifecycle Management tools. RDS allows the users to log on using the same credentials across Rational Solutions for Enterprise Lifecycle Management tools for which they have authorized access.

RDS 5.0 supports a wide range of platforms. For more information about the platform support, see the IBM Rational Directory Server Installation Guide.

RDS architecture

The following diagram shows the RDS architecture.
Who should use this guide

This guide is intended for the RDS administrator. The administrator is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the server such as how to run the RDS backup programs and how to recover the directory manager password in case of password loss.


Frequently Asked Questions

1. **Which are the external LDAP servers supported by RDS?**


2. **What is the schema required by RDS in the external corporate server?**

   The user information are extracted from the corporate servers based on the person/inetOrgPerson schema class and the primary attributes cn, sn, email, uid, givenname, telephoneNumber, mail, facsimileTelephoneNumber, description, postalAddress, and sAMAccountName.

   The group information are extracted based on the group/groupOfUniqueNames schema class and the attributes member/uniqueMember, description.

3. **Do we need an Administrator privileges to create a partition?**

   You need a corporate LDAP server user with a Read access to the search bases specified in the partition.

4. **Is the Apache Server installed as a service?**

   No. This functionality will be added in a future release.

5. **I cannot use RDA on Solaris to create a partition with SSL enabled?**

   This is a known limitation. You need to install RDA on Windows as a workaround.
6. Why DOORS do not show up a user after changing the name of the user from one ou to another in the corporate LDAP?

If the name of a user (firstname, lastname, cn etc.) is changed keeping the same UID, or if a user is moved from one OU to another in the corporate LDAP, DOORS may not show up the user. The reason is, the RDS has already created an extended user object with the \textit{uid} as the user logon name (based on the logon attribute selected in the corporate partition) and \textit{tdsCorporateDn} as the corporate DN of the user. If the corporate DN of the user changes in the corporate LDAP server, RDS will try to recreate the extended user object with the same user logon name (which is not changed in corporate LDAP) and would fail, as the user object with the same logon name already exists in the corporate LDAP. Hence, the particular user would not be shown in DOORS.

To solve this issue, it is recommended to modify the required attributes of the extended user object in RDS. Deleting the extended user object also solves the issue but it may delete the DOORS specific values for that user object, which may lead to information loss.

7. Is RDS supported on VMWare?

Currently, the RDS is not supported on a virtual environment.

8. I installed RDS as user root, is there a way to start the Apache version of the Rational Directory Server as any other user then root?

This can be accomplished by changing the group and ownership to another user. Run the following command from within the \texttt{...IBM/Rational}

\begin{verbatim}
chown ccm_root RDS_5.X -R
chgrp ccm_root RDS_5.X -R
chown ccm_root RDA_5.X -R
chgrp ccm_root RDA_5.X -R
\end{verbatim}

After the permissions have been changed, start the RDS and RDA Web server as user ccm\_root.

9. How do you change the Webserver port from 8080 to any other values for IBM Rational Directory Administration (RDA)?

To change the default port number:

\textbf{a.} Edit the following lines in the \texttt{Server.xml} file located under \texttt{<RDS_HOME/RDA_HOME>/WebAccessServer/apache-tomcat-6.0.16 (-6.0.24 for 5.1.0.1 and 5.1.0.2)/conf} folder:
Chapter 2: Introduction

Connector port="8090" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
connectionTimeout="20000"
redirectPort="8443" />

<!-- A "Connector" using the shared thread pool-->

b. Restart the RDA for the changes to take effect.

Note The new port number is changed to 8090 in the above example.
10. I installed RDS as user root, is there a way to start the Apache version of the Rational Directory Server as any other user then root?

   a. Edit the following lines in the Server.xml file located under
      `<RDS_HOME/RDA_HOME>\WebAccessServer\apache-tomcat-6.0.16 (-6.0.24 for 5.1.0.1 and 5.1.0.2)\conf folder:

      Connector port="8090" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
      connectionTimeout="20000"
      redirectPort="8443" />

      <!-- A "Connector" using the shared thread pool-->

   b. Restart the RDA for the changes to take effect.

Note  The new port number is changed to 8090 in this example.
3 Directory Server Administration

This chapter describes some of the utilities used for the directory server administration.

Starting the directory server

From the command line, use the following command to start the directory server.

In Windows

<RDS_Home>/IBM/Rational/RDS_5.0/RDSUtility/rdsctl.bat start

For example:

C:\Program Files\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.0\RDSUtility\rdsctl.bat start

You can also double-click the rdsctl.bat located under the same path to start the server.

In UNIX:

On Solaris

$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./rdsctl.sh start

On Linux

$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./rdsctl.sh start
Stopping the directory server

From the command line, use the following command to stop the directory server.

```
<RDS_Home>/IBM/Rational/RDS_5.0/RDSUtility/rdsctl.bat stop
```

Windows example:
```
C:\Program Files\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.0\RDSUtility\rdsctl.bat stop
```

UNIX example:

**On Solaris**
```
$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./rdsctl.sh stop
```

**On Linux**
```
$ cd <RDS_Home>/RDSUtility
$ ./rdsctl.sh stop
```
Backing up the Rational Directory Server

Backing up the RDS allows you to save a snapshot of the contents should the data be lost or become corrupt. The RDS backup essentially means the backing up of the Apache Directory Server. The backup can be done on Windows, Solaris, and Linux platforms.

When these backup procedures are followed, the system automatically stores a copy of the server files on the same host. For greater security, copy and store these files on a different machine or file system.

Backing up the data

When you back up the server, all contents of the directory are saved in a backup location. You can backup the data online while the server is running.

To back up your directory, do the following:

1. Change directory to the following path.
   
   cd <RDS_Home>\RDSUtility

2. Backup the server using the following command. Make sure that the backup directory does not exist.
   
   • backup.cmd <backup_directory_path> (Windows)
   • backup.sh <backup_directory_path> (Unix)
   
   Example on Windows:
   
   backup.cmd c:\rds_backup
   
   Example on Unix:
   
   $ backup.sh /var/rds_backup

3. Start the RDS server.

Note: If you want to stop the directory server before taking the back up, stop the server and then follow the above mentioned back up procedure.
Restoring the Directory Server

Use the restore command to restore the server. Shut the server down before running this script.

To restore your directory, do the following:

1. Stop the RDS server.
2. Change directory to the following path.
   \( \text{cd} \ <	ext{RDS\_Home}>\backslash\text{RDSUtility} \)
3. Restore the backup using the following command:
   - \( \text{restore.cmd} \ <\text{backup\_directory\_path}> \) (Windows)
   - \( \text{restore.sh} \ <\text{backup\_directory\_path}> \) (Unix)

   Example on Windows:
   \( \text{restore.cmd} c:\text{rds\_backup} \)

   Example on Unix:
   \( $ \text{restore.sh} /var/rds\_backup \)
4. Start the RDS server.

Note On Unix, set the execute permission to the \( \text{backup.sh} \) and \( \text{restore.sh} \) files. For example, \( \text{chmod +x backup.sh} \).
Authenticating the OS through PAM

The RDS uses Pluggable Authentication Modules (PAM) to authenticate users on Solaris, and LINUX systems. To allow RDS to authenticate users, the PAM configuration must be updated to specify the authentication methods to use for the osauth service, unless a reasonable default already exists.

Refer to the following tables for updating the PAM configuration.

1. On Solaris 10, the following are example additions to `/etc/pam.conf` file:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_dhkeys.so.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix_auth.so.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>account</td>
<td>requisite</td>
<td>pam_roles.so.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_projects.so.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osauth</td>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix_account.so.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note** On Solaris, if the server is running with non-root privileges, ensure that server process can read the `/etc/shadow` file.

2. On Red Hat Linux, the following are example additions to the `/etc/pam.d/osauth` file:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td><code>/lib/security/pam_stack.so</code> service=system-auth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td><code>/lib/security/pam_nologin.so</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td><code>/lib/security/pam_stack.so</code> service=system-auth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. On SUSE® Linux, the following are the example additions to the /etc/pam.d/cmsynergy file.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>auth</th>
<th>sufficient</th>
<th>pam_unix.so</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>auth</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_deny.so</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>account</td>
<td>required</td>
<td>pam_unix.so</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note** If the osauth PAM service is not defined, the default definitions are used. The default definitions are configured with the service name *other*.

On UNIX systems, the Administrator will need to provide read access to the /etc/shadow file to *tdsadmin* user (/created during RDS installation) for OS Authentication mode to function.

For example, $>chmod 444 /etc/shadow

### Changing the RDS operation mode

The RDS provides the *rdsconfig* utility to change the RDS operation mode from the command line. The RDS uses the operation mode to perform the authentication. For example, if the operation mode is changed to OS authentication mode, the authentication is done based on the domain name on Windows.

You can change the operation mode by doing the following:

**On Windows:**

1. On the command line, change the directory path to the following
   
   `<RDS_Install>\RDS_5.0\IBM\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.0\RDSUtility`

2. Type `rdsconfig.cmd` to run the utility.

   For example:
   
   `C:\Program Files\RDS_5.0\IBM\Rational\RDS_5.0\RDSUtility \rdsconfig.cmd`

3. The default URL for server authentication is displayed.
4. Type the following details as shown in the following example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field name</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RDS default URL is: ldap://localhost:1389/</td>
<td>Type <code>y</code> to use the default URL or if you type <code>n</code>, the program asks you to type the RDS url. Type the valid RDS url and press Enter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to use the default url? [y/n]:</td>
<td>Note To open the RDS in secure mode, you can include the letter &quot;s&quot; in the ldap URL (where the &quot;s&quot; refers to the secure port), followed by a valid server name and a port number. For example: ldaps:// dirserv:1636.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter the user name:</td>
<td>tdsadmin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter the password:</td>
<td>Type the tdsadmin password. It displays the current operation mode along with the list of operation modes to select from.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select the operation mode to be set from the following:</td>
<td>Enter your choice: 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0. Standalone mode</td>
<td>1. Corporate mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. OS authentication mode</td>
<td>3. Trusted OS Authentication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to proceed? [y/n]:</td>
<td>Type <code>y</code> to proceed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter the domain name:</td>
<td>example.com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you have entered all the details, the operation mode is changed and the message for successful mode change appears.
Note Whenever the operation mode is changed, the Web server needs to be restarted.

If the operation mode is changed from Stand-Alone to Corporate, the users must be migrated as corporate users.

5. Restart the RDS.
Settings for assigning license feature

This section describes the settings that must be done for assigning the license features to users.

**Standalone mode**

The users must have their NT logon name or UNIX logon name configured in RDS to assign a license feature.

**Corporate mode**

The attribute `CORPORATE_LICENSES_FEATURE_LOGON_ATTRIBUTE` is configured in `TDSConfiguration.xml` file. By default, the value for this attribute is set to `samAccountName` for Active Directory Server corporate partition.

For other corporate partitions such as the Apache Directory Server, the administrator must configure this value to a valid system login name (For example, `uid`).
This chapter describes the possible problem and solutions for RDS users.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Changing or resetting the password with Non-ASCII characters does not work.</td>
<td>Changing or resetting the password with Non-ASCII characters are not supported by RDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web RDA cannot be used for License Configuration on Solaris platform.</td>
<td>License Configuration on RDA does not function with RDA Web Access Server installed on Solaris. The RDA Web Access Server needs to be installed on Windows or Linux platforms to achieve the license configuration functionality.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Users cannot login after migration.</td>
<td>The RDS server needs to be restarted otherwise the data inconsistency is observed. For more information on starting the server, see Starting the directory server (page 9).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When the RDS in corporate mode is configured to DOORS, the users are displayed in RDA but not in DOORS.</td>
<td>If a custom attribute name is used in the corporate user DN, the custom DN attribute name should be added to the RDS schema. To add the custom DN:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 1. Create the following script.  
  `dn: cn=schema  
  changetype: modify  
  add: attributetypes  
  attributeTypes: (1.3.6.1.4.1.15265.0.100 NAME '<custom_attribute_name>' SYNTAX 1.3.6.1.4.1.1466.115.121.1.27 SINGLE-VALUE)  
  2. Save the script in a text file with the file extension as <filename>.ldif.  
  3. Use the ldapmodify command to apply the schema change. |
Appendix: Notices

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